



# PRISHTINA DIALOGUE



WHERE THE BALKANS  
MEETS SOUTH ASIA

25TH NOVEMBER 2024 - PRISHTINA, KOSOVO

Supported by: **OPEN SOCIETY  
FOUNDATIONS**  
WESTERN BALKANS



# PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

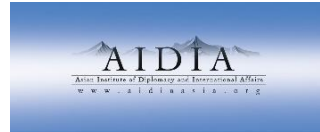
Where the Balkans meets South Asia



Supported by: **OPEN SOCIETY**  
FOUNDATIONS  
WESTERN BALKANS

---

*The Asian Institute of Diplomacy and  
International Affairs (AIDIA)*



*Prishtina Institute for Political  
Studies (PIPS)*



***Prishtina Dialogue***  
***Where the Balkans Meets South Asia***

November 25, 2024  
Prishtina, Kosovo

Founding Head of AIDIA: **Mr. Sunil KC**

PIPS Executive Director: **Ms. Leonora Kryeziu**

Prepared by: Ms. Sajina Rai

---

# *Contents*

Introduction

Pre-event meetings

Pristina Dialogue

*Opening Session*

*First Plenary Session*

*Second Plenary Session*

*Third Plenary Session*

Exploring the historical landmarks of Kosovo



## Introduction

The **Asian Institute of Diplomacy and International Affairs (AIDIA)**, Nepal, in partnership with the **Prishtina Institute for Political Studies (PIPS)**, Kosovo, and the **Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora of Kosovo** successfully convened the event titled “Prishtina Dialogue: Where the Balkans Meet South Asia” in Prishtina on November 25, 2024, with support from the Kosovo Foundation for Open Society (KFOS). This initiative sought to enhance cooperation between Kosovo and South Asian nations, establishing a robust platform for dialogue and collaborative engagement.

Since the declaration of independence in 2008, Kosovo has emerged as a significant actor within the Western Balkans, actively pursuing European integration while adeptly navigating intricate geopolitical dynamics. The region's economic growth, resilience in post-conflict recovery, and commitment to forging strategic partnerships render Kosovo a compelling case study for global discourse. The objective of this forum was to establish a platform for examining Kosovo's evolving role, fostering connections between the Balkans and South Asia, and engaging both state and non-state actors in substantive discussions on Kosovo's trajectory and its influence within the Western Balkans and beyond.

The Prishtina Dialogue was initiated by Mr. Sunil KC, the founder of AIDIA, in collaboration with the Director of the Department for Public Diplomacy at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora of Kosovo Amb. Guner Ureya. Together, they envisioned the event as a flagship initiative

for Kosovo, aimed at fostering greater engagement with South Asia and beyond. This event was a significant milestone for AIDIA, as it coincided with the organization's 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary.

The Dialogue transpired over several days, commencing on November 22, with a series of high-level meetings and engagements. South Asian Delegates had the opportunity to engage with notable figures, including the Prime Minister of Kosovo, H.E. Albin Kurti; H.E. Donika Gërvalla-Schwarz, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora; H.E. Glauk Konjufca, Speaker of the Parliament; and Mr. Fikrim Damka, Minister of Regional Development of Kosovo. Furthermore, delegates visited significant places of historical and economic importance in Kosovo, acquiring a deeper understanding of the nation's culture and historical context. These interactions culminated in the principal event, on November 25.

The South Asian delegation, comprising of representatives from Nepal, India, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, and the Maldives, along with panelists from Kosovo and the Balkans, included notable stakeholders, policymakers, leaders, think tank representatives, and members of the media. The discussions focused on enhancing Kosovo's partnerships with South Asian nations, emphasizing the importance of people-to-people interactions and business-to-business (B2B) collaboration in sectors such as trade, investment, and cultural exchange.



# PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

Where the Balkans  
meets South Asia

**Pre-Event Meetings**

**22-24, November 2024**

## Meeting with Prime Minister



**H.E. Mr. Albin Kurti**  
Prime Minister of Kosovo

During the meeting, **H.E. Mr. Albin Kurti**, the Prime Minister of Kosovo articulated his strong commitment to enhancing communication and fostering mutual cooperation with the South Asian delegation. He highlighted the achievements of the current administration, noting that it is the first government to successfully complete a full four-year term since the nation attained independence in 2008. The Prime Minister emphasized the significance of global recognition of Kosovo's developmental process.

The Prime Minister, while stressing on the importance of international acknowledgement of Kosovo's advancements, highlighted that Kosovo has been assimilated into ten organizations. Amongst them, the state has obtained an observer status in institutions like the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank, as well as the Francophonie.



## Meeting with H.E. Glauk Konjufca, Speaker of the Assembly of Kosovo



**H.E. Glauk Konjufca**  
Speaker of the Assembly of Kosovo

**H.E. Mr. Glauk Konjufca**, Speaker of the Assembly of Kosovo, underscored the dynamic and rapidly evolving nature of South Asia. He articulated that the current international order is facing numerous challenges, thereby necessitating the establishment of a new chapter of cooperation between Asia and Europe, particularly with Kosovo. He characterized Kosovo as a highly functional state with a robust democratic

foundation, consistently endeavoring to forge new connections, establishing partnerships, and enhancing its presence on the global stage. He further noted that Kosovo possesses a more profound understanding of South Asia than South Asia has of Kosovo, thereby, emphasizing the significance of such engagements for mutual collaboration and understanding.



## Reception at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, Kosovo



Delegates with H.E. Ms. Donika Gërvalla Schwarz, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, and Mr. Kreshnik Ahmeti, Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, Kosovo

**H.E. Ms. Donika Gërvalla Schwarz**, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, along with Deputy Minister **Mr. Kreshnik Ahmeti**, welcomed the delegates to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora in Kosovo. The Deputy Prime Minister emphasized the potential for collaboration between Kosovo and South Asian countries to strengthen ties, acknowledging the delegates and highlighting the ministry's strong focus on the South Asian region, which facilitated their participation in the event.

Mr. Ahmeti expressed confidence that diplomatic and official relations with all South Asian countries would be established in the near future, noting that this event would be remembered as a significant step toward achieving that goal.



## Lunch Meeting with H.E. Mr. Fikrim Damka



Delegates with **H.E. Mr. Fikrim Damka**, Minister of Regional Development of Kosovo at Prizren

On September 24, 2024, a delegation from South Asia visited Prizren, the historical capital of Kosovo. During their visit, they explored the city's cultural and historical significance. The delegation also attended a lunch meeting with **H.E. Mr. Fikrim Damka**, Kosovo's Minister of Regional Development. The meeting provided an opportunity for dialogue on Kosovo's development process and avenues for expanding interaction and collaboration between Kosovo and South Asian nations.



# PRISHTINA DIALOGUE



Where the Balkans meets South Asia

25 November 2024

## Plenary Sessions:

- **Democratic Governance: Perspectives and Experience from Kosovo and South Asia**
- **The Role and Impact of State and Non-State Actors: The Role of Civil Society in Strengthening Democracy Through Internal and External Processes in Kosovo**
- **Kosovo's Economic Potential: Scope for Inter-Regional and Bilateral Cooperation**

Kosovo's Economic Development and its key economic sectors: technology, energy, and tourism.

## PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

Where the Balkans meets South Asia



The Prishtina Dialogue: Where the Balkans Meets South Asia took place on November 25, 2024 featuring an Inaugural Session and three plenary sessions. The Inaugural Session included a keynote speech by **H.E. Ms. Donika Gërvalla**

**Schwarz**, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora. The opening remarks were delivered by **Mr. Sunil KC**, Founder of AIDIA, while **Ms. Leonora Kryeziu**, Executive Director of PIPS, gave the welcome address.





**PRISHTINA**   
**DIALOGUE**

Where the Balkans  
meets South Asia

**25 November 2024**

## Inaugural Session

---

KEYNOTE ADDRESS

**H.E. Ms. Donika Gërvalla Schwarz**

Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of  
Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, Kosovo

## Welcome Remarks

**Ms. Leonora Kryeziu**, Executive Director of PIPS, underscored the significance of identifying a common ground, learning from collective experiences, and promoting an interconnected and collaborative future. She expressed appreciation for the participants' time, expertise, and insights, with the hope that the dialogue would yield a lasting impact, extending beyond the event that can facilitate the establishment of enduring partnerships.



**Ms. Leonora Kryeziu**  
Executive Director, PIPS



**Mr. Sunil KC**  
Founder, AIDIA

**Mr. Sunil KC**, the Founder of AIDIA, spoke on the organization's decade-long progression as a think-tank and emphasized the goal of developing AIDIA's role on a global scale. He elucidated that the concept for a flagship event in Kosovo arose from the necessity to bridge the divides among business sectors, diplomatic entities, government institutions, civil society, and media organizations. The event was designed to facilitate dialogue across economic, cultural, historical, and various other dimensions. Mr. KC conveyed optimism regarding South Asia's engagement with Kosovo, noting that certain South Asian nations have already recognized Kosovo, while expressing hope for increased recognition and enhanced diplomatic relationships moving forward.

## Keynote Address:



**H.E. Ms. Donika Gërvalla Schwarz**  
Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign  
Affairs and Diaspora, Kosovo

**H.E. Ms. Donika Gërvalla Schwarz**, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, emphasized the importance of cultivating relations between Kosovo and South Asia. She highlighted the principles of mutual respect, shared aspirations for peace and development, and opportunities for collaboration. Ms. Gërvalla Schwarz articulated Kosovo's commitment to strengthening ties with South Asian nations, particularly expressing aspirations for recognition from India, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, and Nepal, in order to enhance both regional and global stability.

She emphasized Kosovo's preparedness to increase cooperation in various sectors, including education, culture, sports, and trade while promoting mutual understanding through civil society and cultural exchanges. Furthermore, she appealed for acknowledgement of Kosovo's unique historical narrative and its contributions to democracy, stability, and global peace. The Deputy Prime Minister presented the Prishtina Dialogue as a vital platform for establishing enduring connections and partnerships.

## PANEL 1: DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE:

PERSPECTIVES AND EXPERIENCE  
FROM KOSOVO AND SOUTH ASIA



MR. BLERIM SHALA  
FORMER DEPUTY AND  
JOURNALIST-PUBLICIST



MR. GËZIM VISOKA  
ASSOCIATED PROFESSOR  
AT DUBLIN CITY UNIVERSITY  
(DCU)



MR. GÜNER UREYTA  
DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT  
FOR PUBLIC DIPLOMACY, MINISTRY  
OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND DIASPORA



MODERATED BY: JETA LOSHAJ  
PROJECT MANAGER AT FRIEDRICH  
EBERT STIFTUNG (FES) KOSOVO AND  
RESEARCHER AT KOSOVO CENTRE  
FOR SECURITY STUDIES (KCSS)



DR. MANJARI SINGH



MR. BASU DEV KHANAL



## PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

Where the Balkans  
meets South Asia

### Panel 1:

#### Democratic Governance: Perspectives and Experience from Kosovo and South Asia

Mr. Blerim SHALA - Former Deputy and journalist-publicist

Mr. Gëzim VISOKA – Associated Professor in Dublin City University

Mr. Güner UREYTA– Director of the Department for Public Diplomacy,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora, Kosovo

Amb. Jauhar SALEEM-President of the Institute of Regional Studies  
(Islamabad)

Dr. Manjari SINGH-Assistant Professor at Amity Institute of International  
Studies, Amity University

Mr. Basu Dev Khanal- Section Officer, Personal Secretariat (Official), Deputy  
Prime Minister & Minister for Urban Development, Government of Nepal

Moderator: Jeta LOSHAJ- Friedrich Ebert Stiftung (FES) Kosovo and Kosovo  
Centre for Security Studies (KCSS)

Opening the discussion **Mr. Blerim SHALA**, Former Deputy and journalist-publicist, discussed the critical role of historical context in shaping political outcomes, and Kosovo's path to independence between 1998 and 2008. He identified 1989, marked by the fall of the Berlin Wall, as a turning point that dismantled rigid international structures and enabled Kosovo's aspirations and stressed that the dissolution of Yugoslavia further amplified these opportunities. He argued that Kosovo's journey involved institution-building and international support, culminating in its 2008 independence, as a result of local determination and favorable global dynamics. Mr. Shala underscored Kosovo's story as a powerful example of aligning self-determination with shifting geopolitical landscapes.



**Mr. Blerim SHALA**  
Former Deputy and journalist-  
publicist

**Mr. Gëzim VISOKA**, Associated Professor in Dublin City University pointed the unique and complex nature of Kosovo's path to independence, which has sparked international debate and revived geopolitical rivalries. Kosovo had to develop a multidimensional policy and narrative to appeal to diverse states and secure recognition, achieving significant success in the early stages. However Mr. Visoka also underscored the recognition process that has stagnated due to shifting geopolitical dynamics and changes in its foreign policy. While Kosovo remains stable domestically, its international standing faces uncertainties, especially amid global conflicts like the war in Ukraine. Mr. Visoka highlighted the need for Kosovo to adopt a more proactive foreign policy focused on dialogue, engagement, and bilateral diplomacy to address such challenges.



**Mr. Gëzim Visoka**  
Associated Professor in Dublin City  
University

In his address, **Ambassador Guner Ureya**, Director of the Department for Public Diplomacy at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora of Kosovo, elaborated on the historical context of the Balkans and Kosovo's path to independence. He highlighted the region's enduring connections with South Asian nations, noting that while only four countries officially recognize Kosovo, others do not negate its existence through ongoing trade relations. Amb. Ureya emphasized the significant people-to-people ties between Kosovo and Nepal, expressing a desire for collaborative efforts across various sectors. He also underscored the importance of such dialogues in fostering opportunities to share and comprehend one another's narratives.



**Amb. Guner Ureya**  
Director, Department of Public  
Diplomacy, Ministry of Foreign Affairs  
and Diaspora, Kosovo

**Dr. Manjari SINGH**, Assistant Professor at Amity Institute of International Studies, Amity University, highlighted the historical context of India's foreign policy, shaped by its colonial legacy and the Cold War era, which led to its non-alignment strategy. While India has moved beyond the NAM, it now follows a policy of strategic autonomy, engaging with global powers based on national interest. She noted that while the Balkans have growing economies, trade between India and the region remains minimal. If Kosovo or the region offers tangible benefits, recognition could become more likely. Singh pointed out India's ability to maintain balanced relationships in complex geopolitical environments, citing its ties with countries in the Middle East. However, she emphasized that regional stability and normalization are crucial for deeper engagement. She concluded with optimism that democracies will eventually recognize each other, expressing hope for future progress in India-Kosovo relations.



**Dr. Manjari Singh**  
Assistant Professor at Amity Institute of  
International Studies, Amity University

**Amb. Jauhar Saleem**, President of the Institute of Regional Studies (Islamabad) emphasized the importance of strengthening diplomatic and economic ties between Pakistan and Kosovo, highlighting the significant potential for deeper cooperation. It was noted that South Asia, home to a quarter of the world’s population, has one of the youngest and fastest-growing populations globally, making it a crucial economic and geopolitical region.

Amb. Saleem stressed that South Asia is becoming an economic powerhouse, with countries like India, Bangladesh, and Pakistan playing a major role in global growth. The geopolitical landscape is also shifting, with organizations like the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) bringing together major Asian and Eurasian powers, reinforcing Asia’s rising global influence. He urged the Balkans, including Kosovo, to engage more actively with South Asia, not just in trade and diplomacy but also in scientific, technological, and cultural exchanges.



**Amb. Jauhar Saleem**  
President of the Institute of Regional Studies



**Mr. Basu Dev Khanal**  
Personal Secretariat (Official) of Deputy Prime Minister & Minister for Urban Development, Government of Nepal



**Mr. Basu Dev Khanal**, Section Officer, Personal Secretariat (Official) of Deputy Prime Minister & Minister for Urban Development, Government of Nepal reflected on Nepal's complex democratic journey spanning over 70 years, transitioning through monarchy, autocracy under the Rana regime, a party-less Panchayat system, and eventually a multiparty democracy. Nepal also experienced a decade-long civil war in the late 1990s, which led to the integration of insurgents into the government and the abolition of the monarchy. Today, Nepal stands as a federal democratic state. He expressed hope that Kosovo could draw lessons from Nepal's experiences, adopting its successes while avoiding past mistakes.



**Ms. Jeta Loshaj (Moderator)**  
Friedrich Ebert Stiftung (FES) Kosovo  
and Kosovo Centre for Security  
Studies (KCSS)





# PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

Where the Balkans  
meets South Asia

## Panel 2:

### The Role and Impact of State and Non-State Actors

The Role of Civil Society in Strengthening Democracy Through Internal and External Processes in Kosovo

Ms. Lura Limani– Executive Director at Kosovo Foundation for Open Society (KFOS)

Dr. Nihar Nayak-Research Fellow, Manohar Parrikar Institute for Defence Studies and Analysis (India)

Mr. Xhemajl Rexha – Executive Director of Association of Journalism in Kosovo

Mr. MD Rezaul Karim- Editor, Daily Sun, Bangladesh

Dr. Ramadan Ilazi - Head of Research at Kosovar Center at Security Studies (KCSS)

Moderator: Leonora Kryeziu – Executive Director, Prishtina Institute for Political Studies (PIPS)

Opening the discussion **Dr. Nihar Nayak**, Research Fellow, Manohar Parrikar Institute for Defence Studies and Analysis, explained that Kosovo, despite being a young democracy, has made significant progress in its political and economic structures, often surpassing South Asian countries in terms of state responsiveness to citizens' interests. He identified key challenges common to both regions including institutional weaknesses, governance issues, and social divisions. While South Asia faces deep-rooted ethnic and religious divides, Kosovo also grapples with minority integration, shaped by its post-conflict transition.

He raised a major concern regarding the dependency of civil society organizations on international donors, which often results in externally driven agendas. Dr. Nayak emphasized the need for civil society groups to maintain neutrality and independence, avoiding political affiliations, a challenge observed in many South Asian countries.



**Mr. MD Rezaul Karim**  
Editor, Daily Sun, Bangladesh



**Dr. Nihar Nayak**  
Research Fellow, Manohar Parrikar  
Institute for Defence Studies and  
Analysis

**Mr. MD Rezaul KARIM**, Editor at Daily Sun, continued the discussion by highlighting the progress and challenges of media freedom in Bangladesh stating that the country has a vibrant media landscape with newspapers, television, and digital platforms providing diverse perspective. The rise of independent news outlets and social media has expanded public discourse, allowing citizens to engage directly with important issues leading to the enactment of Digital Security Act which has been criticized for restricting press freedom.

He emphasized that civil society, including NGOs, activists, and academics, play a crucial role in defending media freedom and democratic values. They advocate for legal protections, support journalists facing repression, and push for policy reforms. He added that they promote digital literacy, protect whistleblowers, and provide platforms for marginalized voices. This collaborative effort between civil society and journalists ensures the continued pursuit of truth and accountability despite existing challenges.

**Ms. Lura Limani**, Executive Director at Kosovo Foundation for Open Society (KFOS) stressed the crucial role of civil society in assessing democracy, noting a global decline in civic space. One-third of the countries worldwide operate under closed civic space, with similar trends seen in the Western Balkans, where civil society is often obstructed or narrowed. However, Kosovo stands out with its vibrant civil society.

Key challenges include government efforts to restrict dissent through legislative measures, such as laws forcing NGOs to register, provide financial disclosures, and avoid political activities — similar to the laws in Russia and Georgia. There is also a shrinking space for individual liberties, with LGBTQI and women’s rights activists are facing increasing threats.

Despite these challenges, civil society remains a transformative force in the region, particularly in the EU integration process. Civil society organizations play a critical role in accountability, monitoring, and providing checks and balances where state structures fall short. This proves that beyond acting as watchdogs, civil society can be a constructive partner in governance and reform.

**Dr. Ramadan Ilazi**, Head of Research at Kosovar Center at Security Studies (KCSS) highlighted the significant role of civil society in Kosovo’s state-building process. Kosovo’s independence movement itself emerged from the civil society, and remains deeply embedded in political decision-making. He added that Kosovo stands out as a rare case where a civil society representative signed a political agreement, demonstrating its integration into governance.

Furthermore he added, current government evolved from a civil society movement that successfully transitioned into a political organization — something that failed in other countries in the region. However, he argued a



**Ms. Lura Limani**  
Executive Director at Kosovo  
Foundation for Open Society (KFOS)



**Dr. Ramadan Ilazi**  
Head of Research at Kosovar Center  
at Security Studies (KCSS)

challenge arises when former civil society leaders in power abandon the values they once advocated. Mr. Ilazi emphasized the potential for stronger cooperation between South Asia and Kosovo, particularly in fostering dialogue between the EU and South Asia. While there is some familiarity with countries like Nepal and India, he noted that mutual understanding remains superficial. He proposed deeper engagement through exchanges or visitor programs to strengthen relations and knowledge-sharing.



**Mr. Xhemajl Rexha**  
Executive Director of Association of  
Journalism in Kosovo

**Mr. Xhemajl Rexha**, Executive Director of Association of Journalism in Kosovo, reflected on the role of media in democratic process of Kosovo and the support by the international community, particularly Western countries. He stated that the shift made by media from print to online provides readers with diverse news sources, but the sector faces financial sustainability challenges, particularly for minority-language media, which depend on international donors in Kosovo. He also highlighted that despite its progress, Kosovo's

media faces serious threats, including journalist safety concerns due to tensions in the north, political influence over public broadcasters, and financial instability. Attacks on journalists, smear campaigns, and political pressures make critical reporting risky, with journalists often labeled as traitors for scrutinizing government actions. However, he reaffirmed that many in the media remain committed to their watchdog role, striving to hold those in power accountable for decisions that impact citizens' lives.





## PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

Where the Balkans  
meets South Asia

### Panel 3:

#### Kosovo's Economic Potential: Scope for Inter-Regional and Bilateral Cooperation

Kosovo's Economic Development and its key economic sectors:  
technology, energy, and tourism

---

Mr. Getuar Mjeku- Deputy Minister of Economy, Kosovo

Mr. Visar Dobroshti-Managing Partner, RECURA

Mr. Ganesh Shah-Former Minister of Environment, Science and  
Technology, Nepal

Ms. Sulochana Ramiah Mohan-Deputy Editor, Ceylon Today (Sri Lanka)

Moderator: Ms. Sytrime Dervisholli - Business sector leader



**Mr. Getoar Mjeku**  
Deputy Minister of Economy, Kosovo



**Mr. Ganesh Shah**  
Former Minister of Environment,  
Science and Technology, Nepal

**Mr. Getoar Mjeku**, Deputy Minister of Economy, Kosovo, outlined the country's vision for economic development, pointing out the importance of sectors like technology, tourism, and renewable energy. He also talked about Kosovo's efforts regarding climate change adaptation and decarbonization through clean energy transition.

**Mr. Ganesh Shah**, Former Minister of Environment, Science and Technology, Nepal set out Nepal's progress in the energy sector,

transitioning from load shedding a decade ago to exporting electricity to India and, more recently, Bangladesh. He identified three key commonalities between Nepal and Kosovo: energy, ICT, and diaspora.

He stated that the major challenge for Nepal remains channeling remittances into productive sectors, particularly energy and ICT. He emphasized the need to learn from Kosovo's approach to managing its diaspora, and optimizing remittance utilization.



**Ms. Sulochana Ramiah Mohan**, Deputy Editor, Ceylon Today, noted that Sri Lanka is actively seeking investors and fostering stronger international relations. She emphasized the need to shift focus outward through business rather than waiting for change to happen on its own. She invited the Kosovans to explore business opportunities in Sri Lanka.

Panelists emphasized South Asia’s fast-growing economies as promising markets for Kosovo’s exports and investment. Existing trade ties, such as those with India and the increasing trade volume with Bangladesh, serve as a strong foundation for expansion. However, obstacles like limited diplomatic representation, visa restrictions, and limited diplomatic engagement continue to further impede economic and diplomatic advancement. Further stressed the need for tailored strategies to address these challenges. Proposed solutions included launching dedicated trade missions, enhancing awareness of Kosovo’s economic opportunities in South Asia, and implementing reciprocal visa agreements to promote business and tourism.



**Mr. Visar Dobroshi**  
Managing Partner, RECURA



**Ms. Sulochana Ramiah Mohan**  
Deputy Editor, Ceylon Today

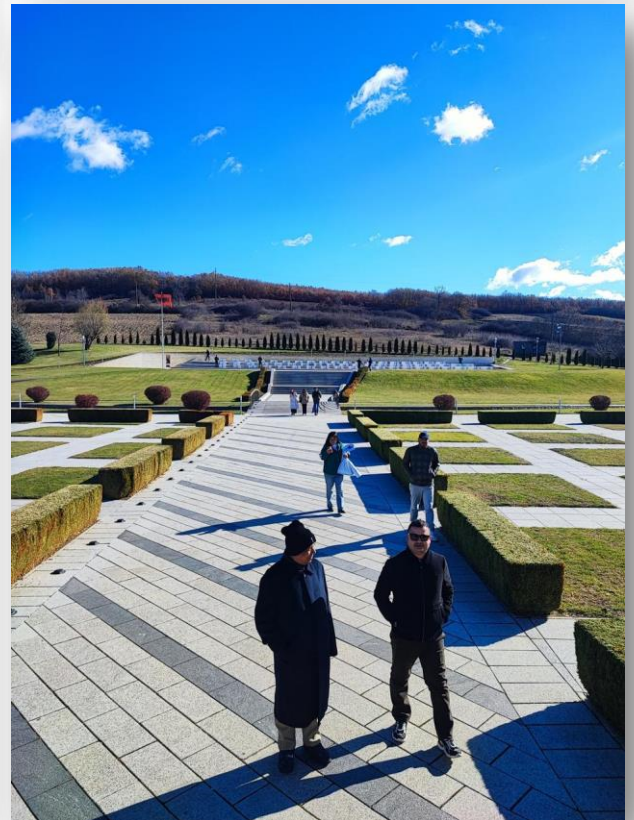


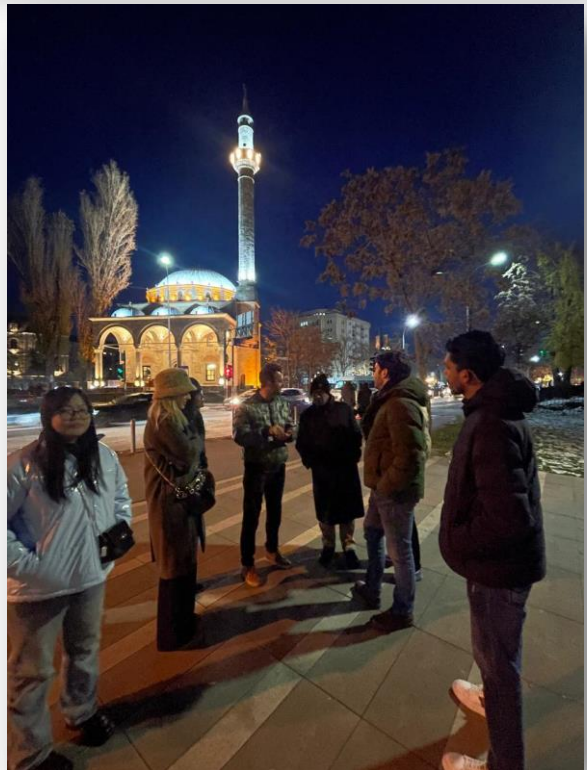


# PRISHTINA DIALOGUE

Where the Balkans  
meets South Asia

**Tours & Visits**









**Asian Institute of Diplomacy and  
International Affairs (AIDIA)**

Suite No. 606, Blue Bird Mall,  
Tripureshwor, Kathmandu, Nepal

Contact: +977 014100635

Email: [communication@aidiaasia.org](mailto:communication@aidiaasia.org)



**Prishtina Institute for Political  
Studies (PIPS)**

Str. Rexhep Luci, 15/5, 10000

Prishtina, Kosovo

Contact: +383 (0)38 224 577

Email: [info@pips-ks.org](mailto:info@pips-ks.org)